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WHAT'S YOUR PLAN? Part One: Getting Started

Self-evaluations, transition plans, barrier removal plans

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Overview of sessions

- Part One: Getting Started
- Part Two: A Hands-on Approach to Self-Evaluations
- Part Three: Bringing It All Together: Transition Plans, Barrier Removal Plans, and Action Plans

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This session

- What's required and why?
- Should you do it?
- What you're evaluating
 - Equal opportunity
 - Program accessibility
- First, some decisions
- Stages
- Other approaches

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Self-evaluation (1)

ADA regulation: Evaluate <u>services</u>, <u>policies</u>, <u>and</u> <u>practices</u>, and the effects of them, that do not or may not meet title II requirements

- Describe areas examined, problems identified, modifications made
- > Provide opportunity for interested persons to participate (submit comments)
- ➤ If entity larger than 50 employees, keep record of self-evaluation on file and available for public inspection for three years
- ➤ Make any necessary modifications [action plan]

1991 DOJ regulation: 28 CFR 35.105

Self-evaluation (2)

DOJ on do-overs

"If a public entity has already complied with the selfevaluation requirement of a regulation implementing section 504... then the requirements [about self-evaluation] apply only to those policies and practices that were not included in the previous self-evaluation."

1991 DOJ regulation

 Similar requirements under section 504 regulation

Transition plan (1)

Regulation:

"If structural changes to facilities will be undertaken to achieve program accessibility, a public entity that employs 50 or more persons shall develop ... a transition plan setting forth the steps necessary to complete such changes."

- Opportunity to participateCopy available for public inspection (no time given).
- Make changes within three years [of January 26, 1992] but as expeditiously as possible.

28 CFR 35.150(d)

Transition plan (2)

- Regulation:
 - · Identify physical obstacles that limit accessibility of programs or activities
 - Describe in detail methods to be used to make accessible
 - · Specify schedule
 - · Identify responsible official
 - If authority over streets, roads, walkways, include schedule for curb ramps or other sloped areas where pedestrian walks cross curbs. 28 CFR 35.150(d)(3)

Title III (1)

- Title III applies to "public accommodations" private businesses in certain categories
 - Generally, those open to the public
 - Examples: private universities, theaters, hotels, restaurants
- Requirement: Remove barriers in existing facilities where "readily achievable"

Note: Some private entities are subject to section 504 (recipients of federal financial assistance), with requirements similar to title II's

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Title III (2)

- Remove barriers in existing facilities to extent readily achievable.
 - Building-by-building analysis
 - "Readily achievable" means "easily accomplishable and able to be carried out without much difficulty or expense"
 - On-going obligation

Barrier removal plan

- Regulation doesn't require one
- DOJ in preamble/guidance urges "procedures for an ongoing assessment" and consultation with organizations representing people with disabilities
- DOJ encourages development of an implementation plan

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Should you do it?	
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Benefits of a self evaluation

- Position the entity for compliance
 - Identify weaknesses
 - Make concrete improvements.
- The regulation tells you to
- You control the process, approach, timing
- Related training can make ADA part of the culture, raise awareness
- · Shows good-faith effort
- Compliance!

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Downside to not acting

- Possibility of harsher mandates from litigation
- Possibility of "bad press"
- Project Civic Access "subject"
- Settlement agreements or lawsuits
 - More likelihood of advocates' success
 - $\, \blacksquare \,$ Court or agreement can make you do \underline{more} than otherwise
- Someone else controls the process, your resources, your schedule
- Implementation may be delayed pending overall evaluation
 - By end of evaluation, information may not be timely.

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Time for a do-over? Why do another plan if we already did one? Hmmm... Has anything changed? Programs Facilities Web site People Services contracted out Requirements and expectations Higher expectations Do you have plans that are current and that you're following? Are you implementing them?

WHAT YOU'RE EVALUATING

What will you be evaluating?

- Programs, activities, services: equal opportunity
- Policies
- "Program access"

Discrimination prohibited

- The ADA and section 504 mandate an <u>equal</u> <u>opportunity to participate</u> in programs, activities, and services for people with disabilities
- Section 504 and Title II regulations specifically prohibit denial of equal opportunity to participate in programs, services, and activities because of inaccessible facilities

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Examples of programs and activities: town, city, county

- Hearings, meetings, events (fairs, concerts, graduations)
- Housing
- Museum programs
- Recreation
- Events
- ToursSocial services and benefits
- Voting
- Web sites, IT

- Emergency preparedness, evacuation, sheltering
- Library services
- Police and fire
- = Courts
- Corrections
- Procedures
- Mass transit
- Access to streets and
- sidewalks
- Zoning issues

Examples of programs and activities:

- Admissions
- Financial assistance
- Athletics
- Academic departments

college, university

- On-line learning
- Housing
- Recreation
- Student activities
- Alumni affairs
- Emergency preparedness, evacuation, sheltering
- Library services
- Meetings, hearings, conferences
- Access to streets and sidewalks
- Web sites

Core topics

- Policies that may discriminate
- Separate programs/services
- Communication
- Infrastructure
- Outside entities (vendors, contractors, grantees)
- Furniture, equipment, purchasing
- Applications
- Tests
- Participation requirements (initial and continuing)

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What is "program access?"

- A term of art
- Relates to discrimination resulting from lack of access to <u>facilities</u>

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Program access: the concept

- Operate each <u>program/service/activity</u> so that, when viewed <u>in its entirety</u>, it is <u>accessible</u>.
 28 CFR 35.150(a)
- No exclusion/discrimination because of inaccessible facilities
 - Does not necessarily require physical changes

Issues

Title II (and section 504): <u>programs</u> in <u>existing</u> <u>facilities</u> must be <u>accessible</u> in their entirety (cannot deny benefits, services, etc. due to <u>inaccessible</u> <u>facilities</u>).

- What's an "existing" facility?
- · What's a program?
- When is a feature/element accessible?
- What are characteristics of an accessible program?

"Existing facility"

DOJ definition, 2010: An "existing facility" is one that exists

- > -- that is, on a given date
- One building can be both new and existing.
- Significance for program access: ALL buildings/facilities are evaluated



When is a feature/element "accessible?"

- Reference point: alterations standards
- Title II reference point: 2010 Standards
 - By March 15, 2012, programs should have met these standards as to program accessibility
 - Major implications for those elements not safe harbored; examples:
 - Pools
 - Exercise machines and equipment
 - Residential facilities dwelling units
 - Play areas
 - Team or player seating

Now that the Standards have changed...

- <u>Existence</u> of barrier is measured by looking to the Standards
- Remedy to barrier is measured the same way
- SO what happens when the "measure" changes?



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New safe harbor for program accessibility

Existing elements that comply with pre-2010 requirements (UFAS or 1991 Standards) are "safe" from further changes just for the sake of program accessibility.
2010 Standards, section 35.150(b)(2)(i).

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Are you where you should be?

- Consider those elements/spaces that are "safe-harbored" and those that aren't
- If you didn't come into compliance with program access requirements by March 15, 2012 –
 - Have a plan
 - Implement it

Characteristics of program access

- Provides equal opportunity
- Range of choices similar to others'
- Integration
- Privacy/confidentiality
- Dignity

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Program accessibility methods

- Flexibility allowed in achieving program accessibility: any method that results in making services, programs or activities accessible
- BUT public entity must give priority to those methods that provide for integration of persons with disabilities

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Examples of methods

- Relocate a service to an accessible location
- Deliver services in alternate way (e.g., with assistance)
- Provide benefits or services at an individual's home, or at an alternative accessible site.
- Redesign or purchase equipment
- Modify buildings and facilities
- Modify policies and procedures
- Alter existing facilities
- Construct new facilities

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Multi-site programs (1)

Examples: City parks, county courts

Entities have discretion in determining how many facilities of a multi-site program must be made accessible to achieve overall program accessibility.



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Multi-site programs (2)

DOJ 2010 regulation preamble describes factors for evaluation of multi-site program for "accessibility in its entirety"

- Size of entity
- Program features at each site
- Distance between sites
- Travel times
- Number of sites
- Public transportation
- Integrated setting
- > Does not adopt concept of "reasonable number"

Equipment (1)

Generally, only "fixed" items are covered by the standards and subject to new construction/alterations.

I.e., fixed vending machines, ATMs





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Equipment (2)

BUT free-standing nonfixed vending machines, furniture, etc. are subject to provisions other than the Standards:

- ▶ Program access
- > Barrier removal
- Full and equal enjoyment
- Opportunity to participate, benefit



Equipment (3)

See

- DOJ advance notice of proposed rulemaking on equipment and furniture, July 26, 2010. http://www.ada.gov/anprm2010/ equipment_anprm_2010.htm
- Access Board notice of proposed rulemaking and advisory committee report on medical diagnostic equipment. http://access-board.gov



There <u>are</u> limits

- Fundamental alteration in the nature of a service, program, or activity
- Undue financial and administrative burdens
- BUT:
 - Decision must be made by head of the public entity after considering all resources available and must be in writing
 - And public entity must take other actions that will not result in fundamental alteration or undue burdens, but still provide access
- See also historic properties, 28 CFR 35.150(a)(2), 35.150(b)(3) and safe harbor

An "additional" obligation: equal opportunity

- Equal opportunity requirements may require that you go "beyond" the standards
 - Automatic doors
 - More accessible parking
 - Bariatric fixtures/equipment

Contractors and other partners

- A title II entity is responsible for actions of contractors and other partners when they carry out the title II entity's activities
- The title II entity cannot "contract away" its title II duties

"Significant assistance"

 If an entity provides significant assistance to organization or person for their programs/services, ensure compliance



Image credit: http://www.knox.edu/Images/_News/news_media/img/2003/tke-ramp-18s.jpg

FIRST, SOME DECISIONS	52	
Self-evaluation		

Review: Public entities are to

- evaluate current services, policies, and practices, and the effects of them, that do not or may not meet title II requirements and
- make any necessary modifications

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Transition plans

Review: Required if physical changes to facilities will be undertaken to achieve program accessibility

- Description of physical obstacles affecting accessibility that must be removed
- Methods for making facilities accessible (in detail)
- Time frames (if more than one year, annual markers)
- Name of person responsible for implementation

Where are you now?

- When did you do your last self-evaluation or transition plan?
- What has changed (other than some of the requirements!)?
- Should you develop policies, train, and <u>then</u> assess?
- What needs attention most or first?
- Do you have support from the top? Legal? Facilities? Others?

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You are unique: What will work for you?

- Consider your "culture"
 - How does your entity work?
 - How does change happen?
 - How does disability compliance fit within the compliance structure?
- Consider your constituency
 - Input from people with disabilities: when, who, how
 - Input from program managers
 - Input from the public

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Decisions (1)

- Level of detail
 - What's a program
 - How deep do you go in analysis
 - How much data can you handle
 - How quickly do you want this done
- Tools
- Overview of programs, policies, etc.
- What does each department do?
- · Program survey
- · Facilities survey
- · Way to track changes

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Decisions (2)

- Analysis
- Reporting
- Planning for remediation
- Making the changes

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Challenges

- Tying together service and facility issues
- Outside parties
 - Procurement
 - Vendors
 - Facilities owned by others
 - · Others' use of your facilities
- Programs carried out mostly by contractors, delegate agencies – Title II obligation stays with entity
 - Shelters for those who are homeless, experience domestic violence
 - Child care
 - · Family services

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Do it yourself or outside consultant?

- Process can be
 - Entity-driven
 - Consultant-driven
 - A mixture
- ADA Coordinator plays a key role in any of these.
- Consider how much time and money entity can devote
- "Informed insiders" are the best evaluators

FOUR STAGES	
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	-
Step by step	
≽Plan	
➤ Gather information	
➤Analyze and report ➤Implement	
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Reporting and planning	
Report by –	
Town/city if small orDepartment or	
■ Each program, service, or activity	

ALTERNATIVES		
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Instead of or in addition to a selfevaluation...

- Focus on what's new
- Focus on where improvement is needed
- Develop policies, check for compliance after a while
- Train on difficult areas
- Open-ended interviews
- Reviews of policies

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Address vulnerabilities and DOJ priorities

- Known problems or complaint areas
- Emergency preparedness
- Web accessibility
- Information technology
- Recreation
- Health care

- Housing
- Voting
- Shelters
- **911**
- Facilities not safeharbored
- Mobility devices
- City-wide program access obligation for programs carried out by third parties

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Thank you for participating in today's ADA-Audio Conference Session

The next scheduled session is:

"What's Your Plan? A three-part series on selfevaluations, barrier removal plans, and transition plans"

Part II: A Hands-on Approach to Self-Evaluations February 18, 2014

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